MACHINE-GENERATED DISPLAYS OF WELL LOGS AND LITHOLOGY FROM 12 WELLS ON THE NORTH SLOPE OF ALASKA

By

Kenneth J. Bird
U.S. Geological Survey
Menlo Park, California

Open-File Report
82-290

This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey editorial standards and stratigraphic nomenclature.

Menlo Park, California
February 1982

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INTRODUCTION

Mechanical well log and lithology information stored on magnetic tape is used to produce computer-generated plots which offer a compact summary (display) of multiple log curves and rock types. This paper is one of a series concerning displays for 81 North Slope Alaska wells, and provides background information on the displays, location of the wells, details of modifications to the original log curves, origin of the lithology column, and explanation of the symbols. These displays, designed by L. B. Magoon and myself, are products of a contract between the U.S. Geological Survey and Petroleum Information Corporation (PI).

These 81 North Slope well displays, 70 of which are from the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska (NPRA), are being released in a series of six Open-file Reports by this author. Five of these reports, previously released, include 69 displays (Bird, 1981a-e). This, the sixth report, presents the remaining 12 displays of wells from NPRA and the east-central North Slope (plates 1-12) which are tabulated on the list (table 1) and located on the map (fig. 1).

DISPLAY

The display format shows a heading positioned above a lithologic column which is flanked on the left by gamma-ray and spontaneous potential curves, and on the right by resistivity, sonic, density, and differential caliper curves. The vertical scale is 1 in. per 100 ft. An overall width of 9.5 in. allows the display to be printed on commercial log paper. The generalized format is designed to be compatible with a variety of applications including correlation (see Tetra Tech, Inc., 1980, Geologic Report) and other data displays (see geochemical displays of Magoon and Claypool, 1980). The reduced scale precludes engineering calculations, but the digital form of the data allows plotting at any desired scale. Magnetic tape with the digital data is available from PI in Denver, Colorado. All log curves have been digitized from paper logs, or, on more recent wells, recorded digitally at the well site. Depth intervals without log curves on the display indicate that no log was run. The following paragraphs discuss each component of the display format.

Heading information (obtained from well completion reports or individual logs) consists of:

--well name;
--American Petroleum Institute (API) identifying number;
--surface location in terms of section (SEC), township (T), and range (R);
--total depth (TD) as measured by the driller; and
--elevation of either the kelly bushing (KB) or derrick floor (DF), points from which all well depths are measured.

The gamma-ray curve (GR) is expressed in standard API units. The GR scale range may differ from well to well, with variations in intensity affected by changes in borehole diameter. GR readings for recent wells have been corrected for this affect, with appropriate notations in the title block.

The spontaneous potential curve (SP), with a scale range of 0 to 200 millivolts (mv), has been expanded on some displays to 0 to 100 mv to achieve more precise bed definition. Manual shifts and baseline drift have been removed. Inverse-reading SP, a result of the use of high salinity mud, has been reversed to make the SP appear normal.

The lithology column shows interpretive rock type and rock thickness in symbols explained in figure 2. The interpretation is my own and was arrived at by comparison of log response with descriptions of cores and drill-cuttings from various sample logs. This comparison provides a calibration of log response to rock type and allows more accurate discrimination of rock type and bed thickness than the use of sample logs alone. Minimum bed thickness in the display is limited to 10 ft by the inability of the machine to plot symbols closer than one-tenth of an inch. Because of this limitation, many thin beds recognized in cuttings, cores, and logs are not shown. Two sets of unlabeled depth ticks are plotted, one on each side of the lithology column. On the left edge of the column each tick represents 100 ft and on the right, 100 m. The depth marks start at zero at the top of the column which represents the elevation of either the kelly bushing (KB) or derrick floor (DF).

The resistivity curve (RES), with logarithmic scale in ohms m^2/m, is one of two or three resistivity logs that are run. The shallow-reading resistivity log (usually the laterolog 8) is used in the display for maximum bed definition.

The speed of sound through rock (SONIC) is expressed by the next curve. The units are microseconds per foot. In some displays a "smoothing" function has been applied to the curve to eliminate spurious readings such as "noise" and cycle-skipping.

The bulk density curve (DENSITY), in grams per cubic centimeter, is obtained from the compensated gamma-gamma density log. The tool is sensitive to borehole size and changes in size (see differential caliper curve) and many readings are inaccurate. No corrections have been applied to this curve.

The differential caliper curve (DIFF. CALIPER) shows the size (in inches) of the borehole in excess of the bit size. Measurements are obtained from a

two-arm caliper run in conjunction with the density or neutron logs. In an elliptical hole, the two-arm caliper is most likely to measure the maximum diameter of the hole.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

The discussions and encouragement of L. B. Magoon and his collaboration in the design of the display are gratefully acknowledged. Production of the displays has been accomplished by the efforts of J.R. Mitchell, L. Montgomery, R. Mohundro, and M. Wolfson, all of the PI Energy Services Section.

REFERENCES

Bird, K. J., 1981a, Machine-generated displays of well logs and lithology from selected wells on the North Slope of Alaska: 10 wells from the western part of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska (NPRA): U.S. Geological Survey Open-file Report 81-1032, 6 p.

_____ 1981b, Machine-generated displays of well logs and lithology from selected wells on the North Slope of Alaska: 26 wells from the northern part of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska (NPRA): U.S. Geological Survey Open-file Report 81-1033, 6 p.

_____ 1981c, Machine-generated displays of well logs and lithology from selected wells on the North Slope of Alaska: 11 wells from the northeastern part of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska (NPRA): U.S. Geological Survey Open-file Report 81-1034, 6 p.

_____ 1981d, Machine-generated displays of well logs and lithology from selected wells on the North Slope of Alaska: 15 wells from the southeastern part of the National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska (NPRA): U.S. Geological Survey Open-file Report 81-1035, 6 p.

_____ 1981e, Machine-generated displays of well logs and lithology from selected wells on the North Slope of Alaska: seven wells from the east-central North Slope: U.S. Geological Survey Open-file Report 81-1036, 6 p.

Magoon, L. B., and Claypool, G. E., 1980, Vitrinite reflectance and C_1-C_7 hydrocarbon data for South Simpson No. 1 well, North Slope, Alaska: U.S. Geological Survey Oil and Gas Investigations Chart OC-92.

Tetra Tech, Inc., 1980, Summary geologic report fiscal year 1980, prepared by E. C. Guldenzopf and others, Houston, Texas. Unpublished report prepared for the U.S. Geological Survey, Office of National Petroleum Reserve in Alaska.

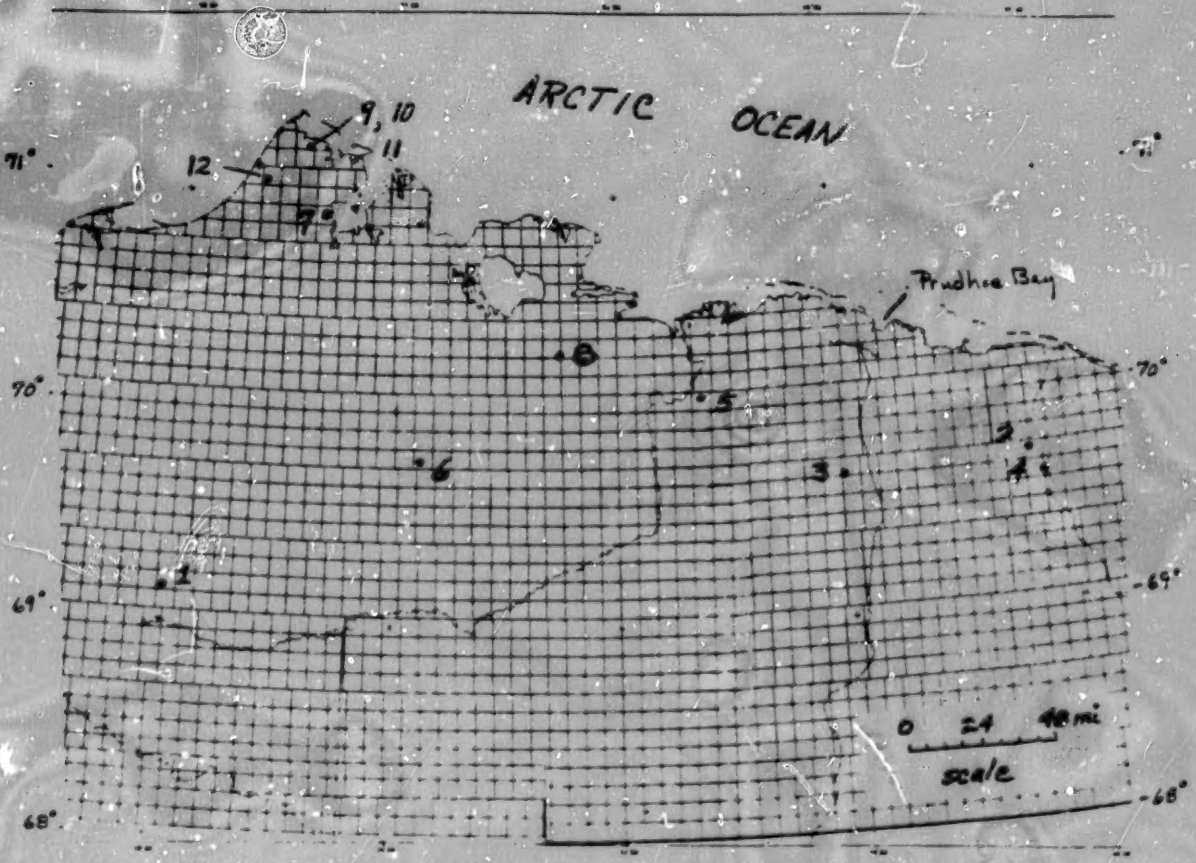


Figure 1. Map of part of the North Slope of Alaska showing locations of wells with displays. Well names corresponding to numbers are listed below in table 1.

Table 1. List of wells with displays being released in this open-file report. Numbers refer to map locations (fig. 1) and to display plate numbers.

1. Awuna - 1
2. Beli - 1
3. Bush Federal - 1
4. Canning River - 1A
5. Ikhillik River - 1
6. Koluktak - 1
7. Kuyanak - 1
8. North Inigok - 1
9. South Barrow - 15
10. South Barrow - 18
11. Tulageak - 1
12. Walakpa - 2

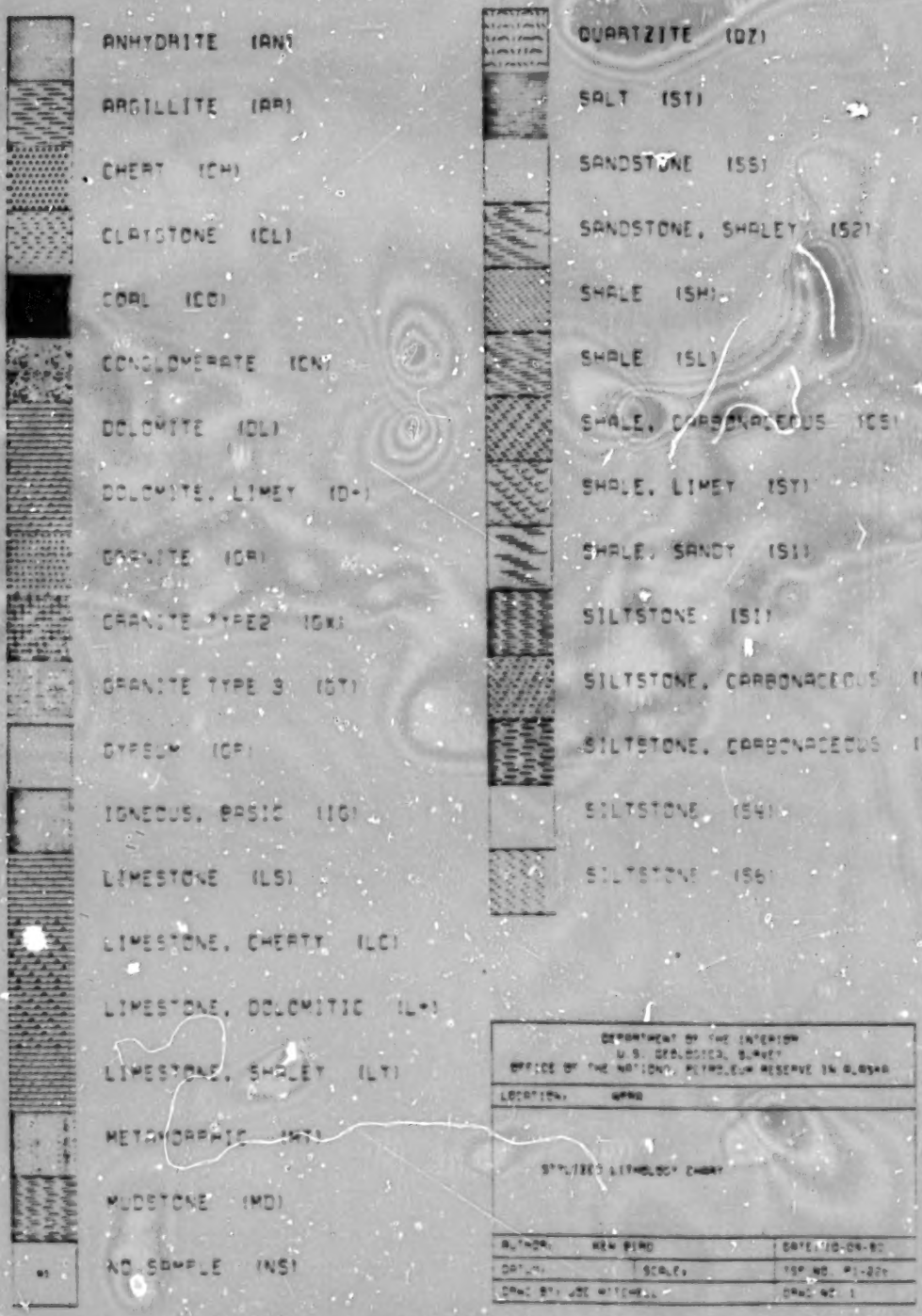
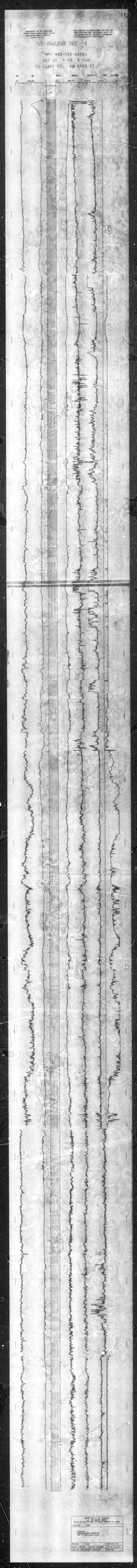


Figure 2. Symbols, name, and two-character code (in parentheses) currently used in the lithologic plotting program.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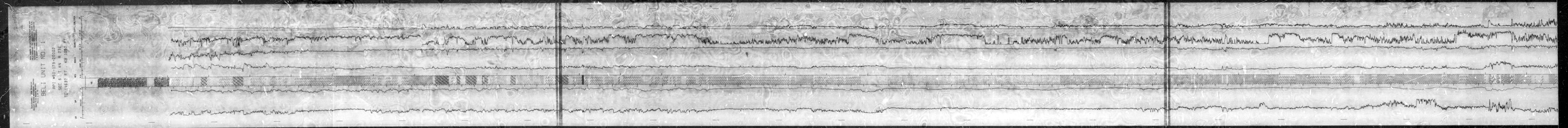
TD 11202 FT. KB 4829 FT.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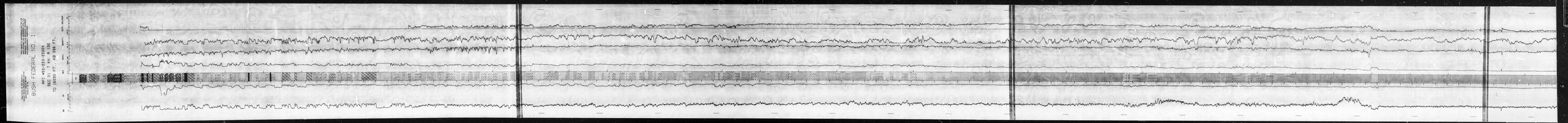
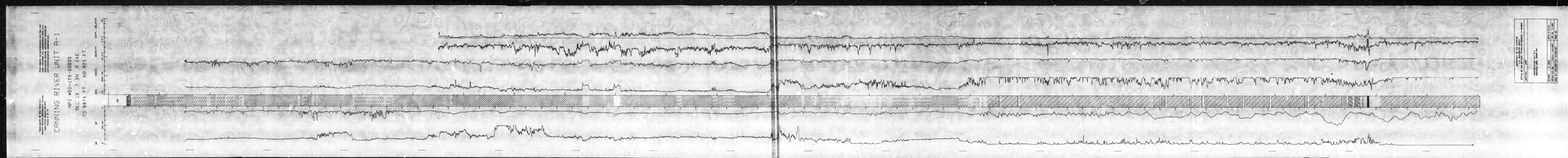
API 42-173-00032
TD 11497' PT. KB 1005' DF


BUSH FEDERAL NO. 1
API #45-233-20004
SEC. 31 T 4N R 10E
TD 10000 FT. / AT 9961 FT.

Name: [redacted]
Date: 1/1/2000
Time: 00:00:00
Duration: 00:00:00
Patient ID: [redacted]
Sex: [redacted]
Age: [redacted]
Weight: [redacted]
Height: [redacted]
Medications: [redacted]

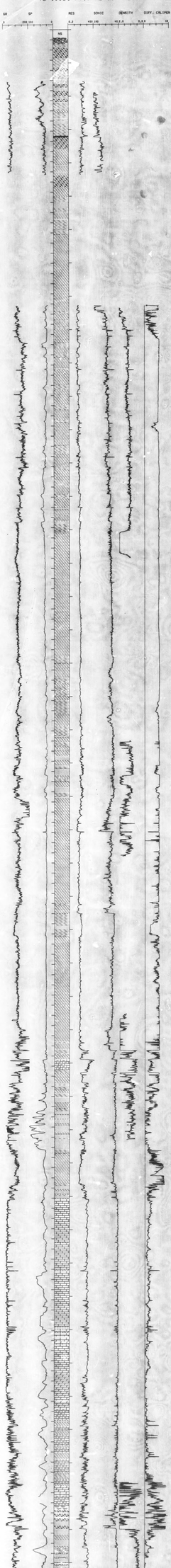

CANNING RIVER UNIT A-1
API #50-179-20005
SEC. 19 T 3N R 21E
TD 8874 FT. KB 925 FT.

Department of the Interior
United States Geological Survey
Conservation Division
Form 9-331

"This report is confidential and has not been reviewed for conformity with U.S. Geological Survey technical standards and nomenclature."

ITKILLIK RIVER UNIT NO. 1

API #50-103-20003
SEC 10 T 8N R 5E
TD 15321 FT.. KB 63 FT.



DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE IN ALASKA

LOCATION: ARCO

ITKILLIK RIVER UNIT No. 1
BOREHOLE COMP. GRAMM RAY

AUTHOR: K. BOND | DATE: 81-01-01
DATUM: KB MSL | SCALE: 1/240'/5"/ | TOP HOL. FT: 0'
DRWG BY: EXPLORATION TECHNOLOGY | DRWG NO.

Department of the Interior
Bureau of Land Management
Conservation Division
Fairbanks, Alaska 99701

This report is preliminary and has not been reviewed for conformity with Bureau policy. Subject to revision upon additional analysis.

KOLUKTAK NO. 1

API #50-119-20001
SEC 27 TWP 5N RGE 11W
TD 5883 FT.. KB 205 FT.

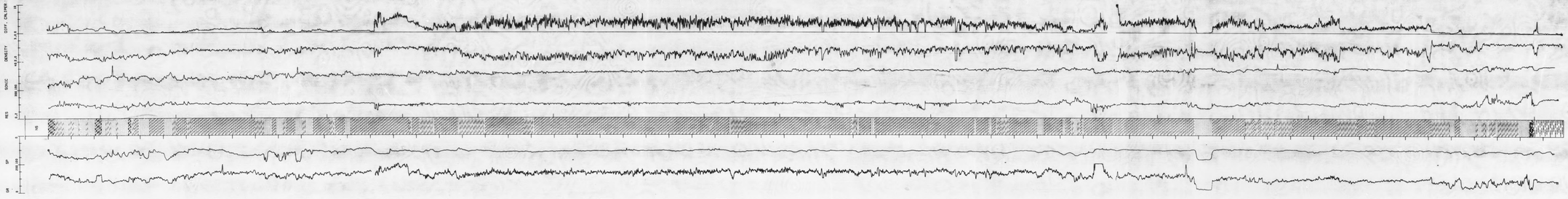
GR 0 200 API
SP 0 -100 MV
RES 0.1 2000 OHMS
SONIC 140 40 USEC/FT
DENSITY 1.95 2.95 G/CC
DIFF. CAL/PROS 10 0 IN

KB

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF THE STATE DIRECTOR, CONSERVATION DIVISION, 701 C STREET, ANCHORAGE, ALASKA 99513

KOLUKTAK NO. 1
NORTH SLOPE
ARCTIC COAST, ALASKA

SCALE: 5" = 100'
DATE: 11-14-82
DRAWN BY: T.L.T.
CHECKED BY: R.C.H.
APPROVED BY: [illegible]
DRWG. NO. 81-215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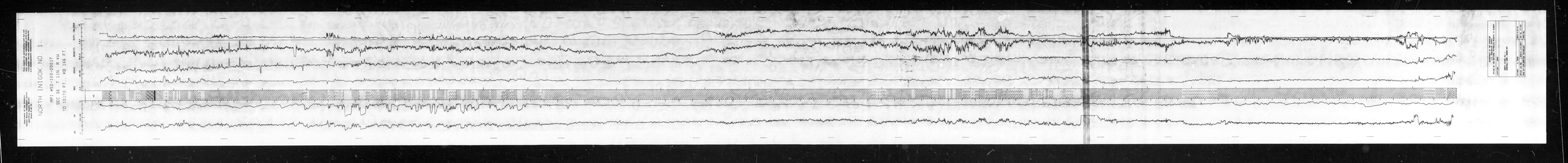
TD 6690 FT.. KB 28 FT
GR
SP
RES
SONIC
DENSITY
DIFF. CALIPER


NORTH INIGOK NO. 1
API #50-107-20017
SEC 16, T 11N, R 4W
TD 10170 FT., KB 166 FT.

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United States Geological Survey
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Plate 9 of 12

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SOUTH BARROW NO. 15

API #50-023-20016

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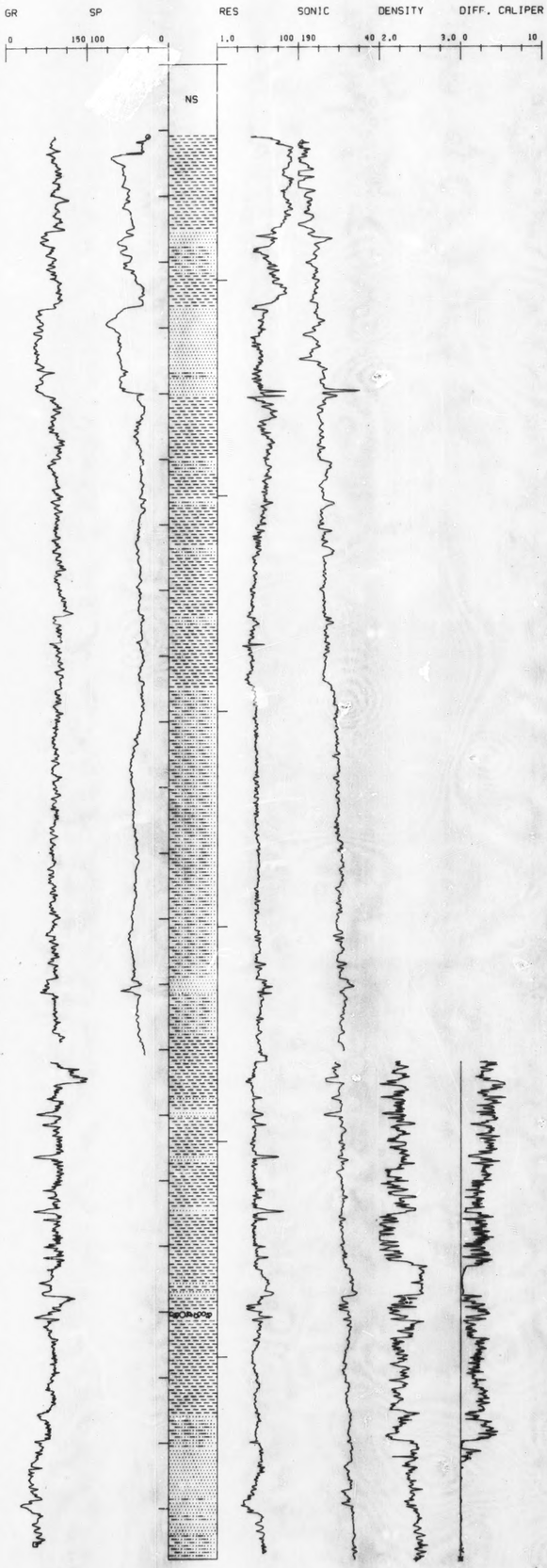

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE IN ALASKA		
LOCATION: NPRA		
S. BARROW NO. 15 LOG DISPLAY BOREHOLE CORR. GAMMA RAY		
AUTHOR: K. BIRD		DATE: 5-20-81
DATUM: 30 ASL	SCALE: 1IN:100FT	TSP NO. P1-281
DRWG BY: EXPLORATION TECHNOLOGY		DRWG NO.

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Plate 10 of 12

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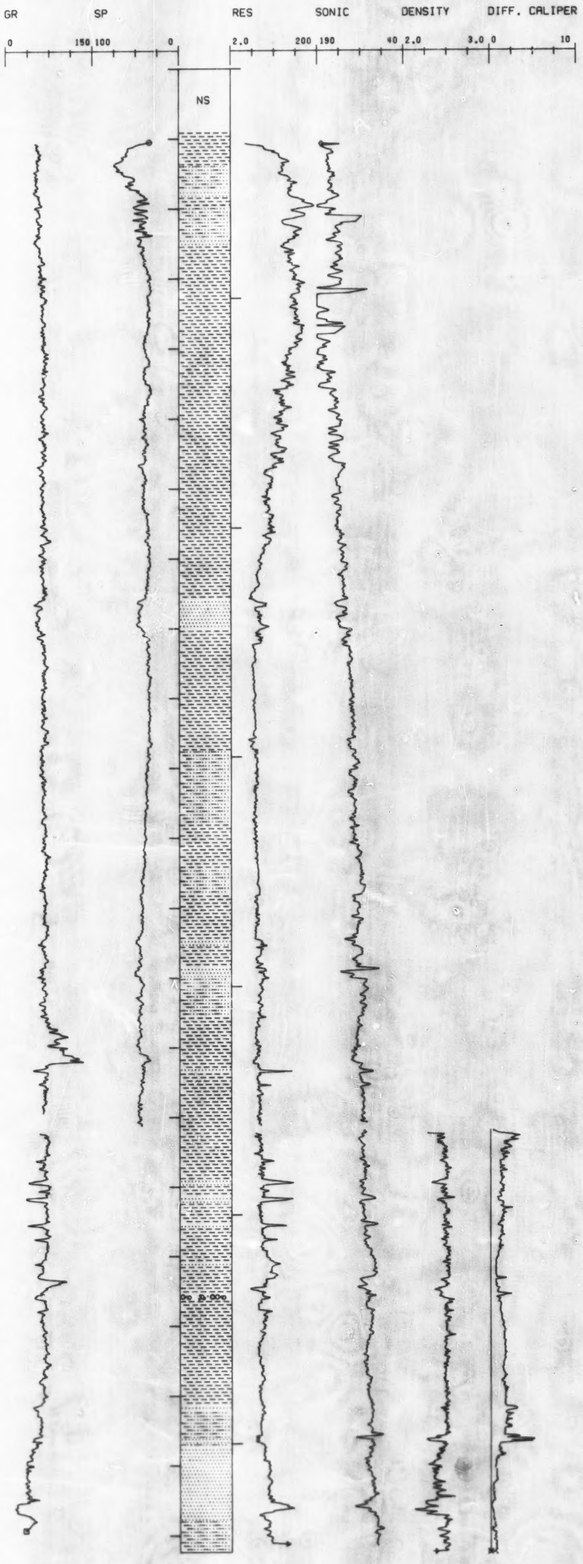
SOUTH BARROW NO. 18

API #50-023-20017

SEC 24 T 22N R 17W

TD 2125 FT., KB 30 FT.



DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE IN ALASKA		
LOCATION: NPRA		
S. BARROW NO. 18 LOG DISPLAY BOREHOLE CORR. GAMMA RAY		
AUTHOR: K. BIRD		DATE: 5-20-81
DATUM: 30 ASL	SCALE: 1IN:100FT	TSP NO. P1-282
DRWG BY: EXPLORATION TECHNOLOGY		DRWG NO.

Department of the Interior
Bureau of Land Management
Open-File Report 82-203
Plate 11 of 12

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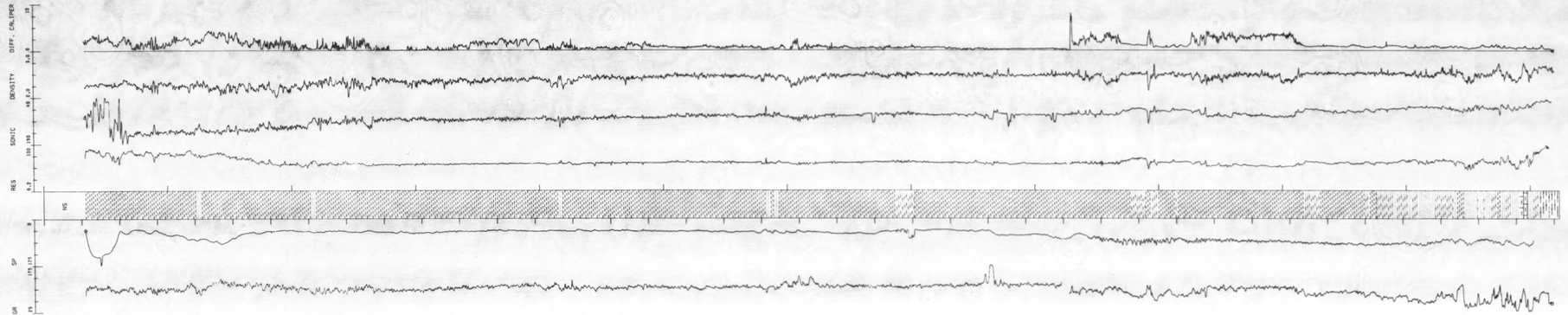
TULAGEAK NO. 1

API #50-023-20018

SEC 7 T 21N R 14W

TD 4015 FT.. KB 27 FT.



DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT
OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE in ALASKA

LOCATION: NPRA

TULAGEAK NO. 1

BOREHOLE CORP. Lynes Rpt

HISTORY:	N. BIRD	DATE 8-83-81	
ELEV. 27 KB.	SCALE: 1 in.=100'	TOP NO. P.-324	
DRWN BY: TAPLADATION RECORDS BUR		DRWG NO.	

Department of the Interior
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Plate 12 of 12

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WALAKPA NO. 2

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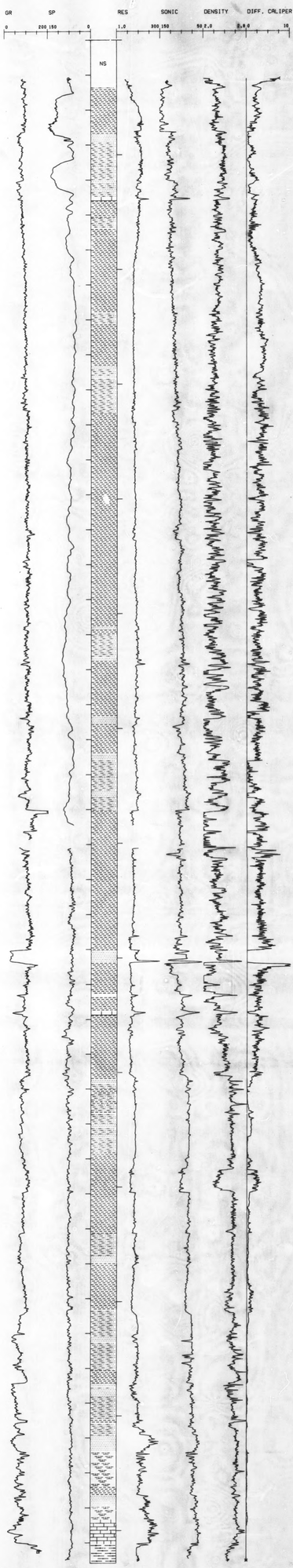

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
U.S. GEOLOGICAL SURVEY
OFFICE OF THE NATIONAL PETROLEUM RESERVE IN ALASKA

LOCATION: NPRA

WALAKPA NO. 2
BOREHOLE CORR. GAMMA RAY

AUTHOR: K. BIRD		DATE: 8-05-81
DATUM: 61 MSL	SCALE: 1IN=100FT	TSP NO. P1-323
DRWG BY: EXPLORATION TECHNOLOGY		DRWG NO.